The Great Lakes

Choose one answer per question. Circle A, B, C, or D.

1. How many lakes are usually named in North America’s Great Lakes group?
   A. Five
   B. Four
   C. Six
   D. Eight

2. Which of these is one of the five Great Lakes?
   A. Lake Champlain
   B. Lake Winnipeg
   C. Lake Huron
   D. Lake Okeechobee

3. What type of water fills the Great Lakes?
   A. Seawater
   B. Fresh water
   C. Brine saltier than the ocean
   D. A mixture that is mostly seawater

4. Which pair of countries borders the Great Lakes system?
   A. Canada and Iceland
   B. Canada and Greenland
   C. The United States and Mexico
   D. Canada and the United States

5. Which Great Lake sits entirely within the United States?
   A. Superior
   B. Michigan
   C. Erie
   D. Ontario

6. Which Great Lake lies farthest east?
   A. Ontario
   B. Michigan
   C. Superior
   D. Huron

7. Chicago sits on the shore of which Great Lake?
   A. Superior
   B. Huron
   C. Erie
   D. Michigan

8. Which Great Lake has the deepest point?
   A. Huron
   B. Erie
   C. Superior
   D. Michigan

9. Which Great Lake has the shallowest average depth?
   A. Erie
   B. Superior
   C. Michigan
   D. Ontario

10. The Niagara River carries water from Lake Erie into which lake?
   A. Huron
   B. Michigan
   C. Superior
   D. Ontario

11. Which river carries water from Lake Ontario toward the Atlantic?
   A. Columbia River
   B. Mississippi River
   C. St. Lawrence River
   D. Ohio River

12. Which two lakes meet at the Straits of Mackinac?
   A. Erie and Ontario
   B. Michigan and Huron
   C. Huron and Erie
   D. Superior and Ontario

13. Which sequence follows the normal downstream route from Lake Erie after its outlet?
   A. Lake Ontario, Niagara River, Lake Huron
   B. St. Lawrence River, Lake Michigan, Niagara River
   C. Lake Superior, Niagara River, St. Lawrence River
   D. Niagara River, Lake Ontario, St. Lawrence River

14. Why do hydrologists often group Lakes Michigan and Huron as one body of water even though maps give them two names?

A. They share a water level and exchange water through the Straits of Mackinac.
B. They are connected only by underground pipes.
C. They both drain directly into the ocean.
D. They are the only lakes formed by the same river.

15. Rain falling on one hill drains into a creek that empties into Lake Erie. Rain on the other hill drains into a separate river flowing to the Gulf of Mexico. Which hill belongs to the Great Lakes drainage basin?

A. Both hills because each has flowing water
B. The hill draining toward the Gulf of Mexico
C. The hill draining into the Lake Erie creek
D. Neither hill because a basin includes only open water