Universal Declaration of Human Rights

Choose one answer per question. Circle A, B, C, or D.

1. What does UDHR stand for in the United Nations document adopted in 1948?
   A. Universal Declaration of Human Rights
   B. United Division for History and Research
   C. Universal Department for Human Resources
   D. United Declaration of Health and Recreation

2. Which UN body adopted the Universal Declaration of Human Rights?
   A. The Security Council
   B. The International Court of Justice
   C. The General Assembly
   D. The Secretariat alone

3. In what year was the Universal Declaration of Human Rights adopted?
   A. 1918
   B. 1948
   C. 1968
   D. 1998

4. Which principle does Article 1 present at the start of the declaration?
   A. Rights are inherited from a titled family.
   B. Rights belong only to people with passports.
   C. Dignity depends on a person’s income.
   D. People are born with equal dignity and rights.

5. How many numbered articles follow the preamble in the declaration?
   A. 12
   B. 30
   C. 18
   D. 48

6. Article 3 groups liberty and personal security with which right?
   A. Life
   B. Paid holidays
   C. Nationality
   D. Property ownership

7. Which article sets out equality before the law and equal protection of the law without discrimination?

A. Article 27
B. Article 13
C. Article 24
D. Article 7

8. Which principle in Article 11 applies to a person charged with a penal offense?

A. Publish the person’s sentence before trial.
B. Presume guilt unless the person can name another suspect.
C. Presume innocence until proved guilty according to law.
D. Deny all opportunity for a defense.

9. Which article most directly addresses arbitrary interference with someone’s private correspondence?

A. Article 12
B. Article 4
C. Article 17
D. Article 26

10. What does Article 26 specify about elementary education?

A. It should require a property qualification.
B. It should be reserved for employed adults.
C. It should be available only during election years.
D. It should be free and compulsory.

11. Which article says that no one may be compelled to belong to an association?

A. Article 18
B. Article 8
C. Article 20
D. Article 28

12. A fictional student looks up reporting from another country. Which article specifically mentions seeking information regardless of frontiers?

A. Article 10
B. Article 19
C. Article 15
D. Article 24

13. Which article covers the right to equal pay for equal work without discrimination?

A. Article 25
B. Article 14
C. Article 21
D. Article 23

14. A fictional election excludes a citizen because of an arbitrary denial of voting rights, then orders that citizen to join an association. Which pair most directly addresses free elections and compelled membership?

A. Articles 21 and 20
B. Articles 12 and 5
C. Articles 26 and 3
D. Articles 15 and 25

15. A fictional group cites the declaration as a license to destroy all the rights it sets out. Which provision directly rejects that reading?

A. Article 9
B. Article 16
C. Article 30
D. Article 22