Tennis Rules and History Trivia

Choose one answer per question. Circle A, B, C, or D.

1. In a standard tennis game that starts at love-all, what score does the server call after winning the first point?
   A. 15–love
   B. 10–love
   C. One–love
   D. 30–love

2. Which surface is used for the French Open courts at Roland-Garros?
   A. Carpet
   B. Grass
   C. Clay
   D. Wood

3. How many players are on the court during a standard doubles tennis point, counting both sides?
   A. Two
   B. Four
   C. Three
   D. Six

4. What is the name of the line across the back of each half of a tennis court?
   A. Net line
   B. Service center line
   C. Sideline
   D. Baseline

5. In singles, a rally ball lands in the narrow strip between the singles and doubles sidelines. It touches neither line. Is the ball in?
   A. Yes. The outer doubles sideline is used in singles.
   B. No. The strip is outside the singles court.
   C. Yes, whenever the ball lands behind the service line.
   D. No decision is possible until the next hit.

6. Which of these scores could end a standard seven-point tie-break?

A. 7–3
B. 7–6
C. 6–4
D. 9–8

7. Under the standard ITF service-let rule, a first serve touches the net and lands in the correct service box. What happens?

A. The point continues without a call.
B. The player must use a second serve.
C. The receiver immediately wins the point.
D. The player repeats the first serve.

8. Under what name was the event now called the Australian Open first played in Melbourne in 1905?

A. The Melbourne Masters
B. The Australian Open
C. The Australasian Championships
D. The Pacific Lawn Tennis Cup

9. Which Grand Slam became the first to pay equal prize money to men and women in 1973?

A. The US Open
B. The Australian Open
C. Wimbledon
D. Roland-Garros

10. In which city did players meet at the Gloucester Hotel in 1973 to form the Women’s Tennis Association?

A. Paris
B. New York
C. Sydney
D. London

11. A set ends 6–4. Applying the standard ITF change-of-ends rule, when should the players next change ends?

A. After the second game of the next set
B. Immediately after the completed set
C. After the first game of the next set
D. Only if the next set reaches six games all

12. Who won the first Wimbledon women’s singles championship in 1884?

A. Lilian Watson
B. Maud Watson
C. Blanche Bingley
D. Charlotte Cooper

13. Which two teams met in the first competition that became the Davis Cup, held in 1900?

A. The British Isles and Canada
B. France and Spain
C. Australia and the United States
D. The United States and the British Isles

14. In a standard singles tie-break, Player A serves the first point. Who serves points two, three, and four?

A. B, B, A
B. A, B, B
C. B, A, B
D. A, A, B

15. After a point, the umpire discovers that the server used the wrong half of the court. Under the standard ITF correction rule, what happens?

A. Keep the point, then serve the rest of the game from the same half.
B. Cancel the point and repeat it from the correct side.
C. Keep the completed point and serve next from the side the score requires.
D. Restart the game at love-all from the correct side.